AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for the identification of an interacting protein, said method comprising:
 - a) subjecting an extract to protein-affinity chromatography on two or more columns in parallel, said columns having a protein ligand in varying concentrations immobilized to a matrix, and eluting bound components of said extract from said columns;
 - b) separating said components to isolate an interacting protein;
 - c) selecting an interacting protein from said components, wherein the amount of said interacting protein eluting from said columns varies proportionately with the concentration of immobilized ligand; and
 - <u>d)</u> analyzing the interacting protein by mass spectrometry to identify the interacting protein.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said columns are micro-columns.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said separation is a gel-separation.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein said gel-separation is a polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.
- 5. (Previously amended) The method of claim 4, wherein said polyacrylamide gel contains SDS.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said protein ligand is covalently bound to the matrix.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said mass spectrometry is <u>matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization time-of-flight</u> (MALDI-TOF) mass spectrometry.
- 8. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the bound components of the extract are eluted with a protein denaturant.

Claims 9-15 (Withdrawn).

16. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein ligand is immobilized to the matrix after the matrix has been packed into the column.



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- 17. (Previously added) The method of claim 2, wherein multiple micro-columns are arranged into an array format.
- 18. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the columns are not blocked after immobilizing the ligand to the matrix.
- 19. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein-affinity chromatography is an automated process.
- 20. (Previously added) The method of claim 19, wherein the automated process includes procedures for preparing the columns and performing the affinity chromatography.
- 21. (Previously added) The method of claim 20, wherein the automated process includes procedures for packing the columns, coupling the protein ligand to the matrix, loading an extract onto the columns, washing the columns and eluting bound components from the columns.
- 22. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein ligand is at least 90% pure.
- 23. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein ligand is a fusion protein.
- 24. (Previously added) The method of claim 23, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag which may be used to couple the protein ligand onto the matrix.
- 25. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the concentration of the protein ligand bound to the matrix in at least one of the columns is at least 10-fold higher than the K_d of the interaction between the protein ligand and the interacting protein.
- 26. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the concentration of the protein ligand bound to the matrix is from 0 to about 2 milligrams of ligand per milliliter of matrix for all of the columns.

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27. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the extract is derived from a tissue, cultured cell line, purified cellular organelle, or bodily fluid.

28. (Previously added) The method of claim 1, wherein the extract is a whole cell extract or a fractionated extract.

Claims 29-34 (Withdrawn).